

PVMT 2022: High School Division Geometry Round

**Problem 1**

Alice is standing 5 meters away from Bob. Bob is standing 20 meters away from Charlie. In meters, what is the minimum possible distance between Alice and Charlie?

**Problem 2**

Let  $S$  be the set of points in the coordinate plane that are a distance 11 away from the origin. Let  $T$  be the set of points that are a distance of at most 3 from a point in  $S$ . If the area of  $T$  can be expressed as  $n\pi$ , find  $n$ .

**Problem 3**

In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $AB = 5$ ,  $BC = 12$ , and  $AC = 13$ . A square with side length  $s$  is constructed such that one of its sides lies on  $AC$ , and each of its vertices lies on a side of  $\triangle ABC$ . Given that  $s$  can be expressed as  $\frac{m}{n}$  where  $m$  and  $n$  are relatively prime positive integers, find  $m + n$ .

**Problem 4**

Take the ellipse with equation

$$\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$$

It is then rotated 30 degrees clockwise and a rectangle is circumscribed around it. What is the minimum possible area of this rectangle?

**Problem 5**

What is the volume of the region enclosed by the graphs of

$$x^{2022} + y^{2022} + z^{2022} = 1, \left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right)^{2022} + y^{2022} + (z + 1)^{2022} = 2$$

Round your answer to the nearest integer.

**Problem 6**

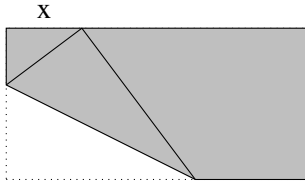
Points  $A$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$ , and  $D$  are in a Cartesian plane such that  $A = (2048, 2058)$ ,  $B = (2018, 2018)$ ,  $C = (2036, 2046)$ , and  $D = (2060, 2039)$ . Given that point  $P$  is in the same plane, the minimum possible value of  $PA + PB + PC + PD$  is closest to which integer?

**Problem 7**

Let  $\triangle ABC$  be an equilateral triangle, and let  $P$  be a point inside  $\triangle ABC$  such that the distances from  $P$  to  $AB$ ,  $AC$ , and  $BC$  are 2, 4, and 7, respectively. The area of  $\triangle ABC$  can be written as  $\frac{m}{\sqrt{n}}$ , where  $m$  is a positive integer and  $n$  is not divisible by the square of any prime. What is  $m + n$ ?

### Problem 8

A 2 by 1 strip of paper is folded so that a corner meets a point a distance  $x$  along on the opposite edge (see figure). Let  $x$  be the value such that the area of the resulting shape is maximized. Suppose  $x^4$  can be written as  $\frac{m}{n}$ , where  $m$  and  $n$  are relatively prime positive integers. Find  $m + n$ .



### Problem 9

A point  $P$  is placed in equilateral triangle  $\triangle ABC$  such that  $\angle APB = 100$ ,  $\angle BPC = 120$ , and  $\angle APC = 140$ . A triangle  $\triangle XYZ$  is constructed such that  $AP = XY$ ,  $BP = XZ$ , and  $CP = YZ$ . Find the measure of the largest angle of  $\triangle XYZ$ .

### Problem 10

In triangle  $\triangle ABC$ , we have  $AB = 13$ ,  $BC = 14$ , and  $AC = 15$ . Let  $I$  be the incircle of  $\triangle ABC$ , and let  $D, E, F$  be the tangency points of the incircle to sides  $BC, AC, AB$ , respectively. Let  $X$  be the foot of the perpendicular from  $D$  to  $EF$ , let  $Y$  be the midpoint of  $DX$ , and let  $K$  be the orthocenter of  $\triangle BIC$ . Finally, let  $Z$  be the intersection between  $YK$  and  $EF$ . The value of  $(ZE)(ZF)$  can be expressed as  $\frac{m}{n}$ , where  $m$  and  $n$  are relatively prime positive integers. Find  $m + n$ .